



[English](#) below

Vsem ženskam v imenu festivala Seviqc čestitam k Vašemu pomembnemu prazniku. Praznik je nastal tudi v spomin na vse ženske (bilo jih je več kot 140), ki so umrle v požaru v newyorški tovarni Triangle leta 1911. 8. marec so pozneje izbrali zato, ker so v New Yorku na ta dan leta 1857 ženske, zaposlene v tekstilni industriji, prvič stavkale.

Na ta dan praznujemo ekonomsko, politično in socialno enakopravnost ter dosežke žensk. Sem med drugim vpet tudi vzgojno izobraževalni sistem, kjer lahko opažam velik in odločen pomen žensk pri vzgoji otrok. Vpet sem tudi v širše evropsko in svetovno dogajanje na področju stare glasbe. Z veseljem opažam, da je na področju stare glasbe pri izvajalcih močna izenačenost obeh spolov. V programu Seviqc 1997-2024 (in tega nismo nikoli izbirali po spolu, ampak izključno po kvaliteti in inovativnosti predlogov) je 50,34 % izvajalcev ženskega spola, če štejemo po osebah, in 51,63 %, če štejemo po nastopih. V programu Seviqc 2025 je izvajalcev ženskega spola 50,0 %, po nastopih pa 50,0%. Tudi pri REMA (Réseau Européen de Musique Ancienne) sta obe izvršni sekretarki ženski, ženska je tudi predsednica in v petčlanskem izvršnem odboru so tri ženske. Moja babica Albina Zalar por. Ramovš je bila ponosna, da je bila prvi ženski profesor na ljubljanskem liceju.

Pobudo za praznovanje 8. marca je dala nemška feministka in socialistka Klara Zetkin, rojena Eissner (1857-1933). Zetkin se je začela za enakopravnost žensk bojevati leta 1889. Pobudo za dan, posvečen ženskam, je dala na 2. mednarodni konferenci socialističnih žensk leta 1910. Prvi dan žena (takrat še ni bil mednarodni) so praznovali v ZDA 28. februarja 1909, ko ga je razglasila Socialistična stranka Amerike. Prvič so mednarodni praznik praznovali leta 1911 v Avstriji, Nemčiji, Švici in na Danskem. Takrat je za praznik vseh žensk veljal še 19. marec. Mednarodni dan žena se na 8. marca praznuje od leta 1917 (delno povzeto po rvtvsi.si in www.sviz.si).

Lepo Vas vse pozdravljam
Klemen Ramovš



On behalf of the Seviqc festival, I congratulate all women on your important holiday. The holiday was also created in memory of all the women (there were more than 140 of them) who died in the fire at the Triangle Factory in New York in 1911. March 8 was later chosen because on this day in 1857, women employed in the textile industry in New York went on strike for the first time.

On this day, we celebrate economic, political and social equality and the achievements of women. Among other things, I am involved in the educational system, where I can see the great and decisive importance of women in raising children. I am also involved in broader European and global developments in the field of early music. I am pleased to note that in the field of early music, there is a strong equality of both sexes among performers. In the Seviqc programme 1997-2024 (and we have never selected this by gender, but exclusively by the quality and innovation of the proposals), 50.34% of performers are female, if we count by persons, and 51.63%, if we count by performances. In the Seviqc 2025 programme, 50.0% of performers are female, and 50.0% by performances. At REMA (Réseau Européen de Musique Ancienne), both executive secretaries are women, a woman is also the president, and there are three women on the five-member executive board. My grandmother Albina Zalar, Lt. Ramovš, was proud to be the first female professor at the Ljubljana Lyceum.

The initiative to celebrate March 8 was given by the German feminist and socialist Klara Zetkin, born Eissner (1857-1933). Zetkin began fighting for women's equality in 1889. She gave the initiative for a day dedicated to women at the 2nd International Conference of Socialist Women in 1910. The first Women's Day (at that time not yet international) was celebrated in the USA on February 28, 1909, when it was proclaimed by the Socialist Party of America. The international holiday was first celebrated in 1911 in Austria, Germany, Switzerland and Denmark. At that time, March 19 was still considered a holiday for all women. International Women's Day has been celebrated on March 8 since 1917 (partially taken from www.rtv slo.si and www.sviz.si).

Greetings to you all
Klemen Ramovš



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